

INDUSTRIAL STRENGTH... Start Your Application From YOURITECH

Integration support

Obsolescence Management

PCAP

Embedded Systems

Human Machine Interface

Touch Solutions

Software

Quality Management

Open Frame Monitors

LCD Controller

Research & Development

Firmware

EMC tests

on-site service

In-house Manufacturing

Optical Bonding

Cover glass

System solutions

OEM Solutions

Custom Display

Production
Custom designs
Installation

Mechanical design



Version: 1.0

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

MODEL NO: ED2208-NCC (EL133UF3)

The content of this information is subject to be changed with notice.
Please contact E Ink or its agent for further information.

☐ Customer's Confirmation

Customer _____

Date _____

By _____

☐ E Ink's Confirmation

Approve By 秦子刚 sub

Confirmed By 王嘉子

Prepared By Jacky C.C. Lu.

Revision History

Rev.	Issued Date	Revised Contents
1.0	2025/10/03	Initial

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

CONTENTS

NO.	ITEM	PAGE
-	Cover	1
-	Revision History	2
-	Contents	3
1	General Description	4
2	Features	4
3	General Specifications	4
4	Mechanical Drawing of EPD module	5
5	Input / Output Interface	6
6	Electrical Characteristics	10
7	Power Characteristics	22
8	Optical Characteristics	25
9	Handling, Safety, and Environment Requirements and Remark	28
10	Reliability Test	30
11	Block Diagram	31
12	Packing	32
13	BarCode Definition	33

1. General Description

EL133UF3 is a reflective electrophoretic E Ink® Spectra 6 technology display module based on active matrix TFT substrate. It has 13.3" active area with 1200 x 1600 pixels and 3 : 4 aspect ratios. The display is capable to display images at Black/White/Red/Yellow/Blue/Green depending on the display controller and the associated waveform file it used.

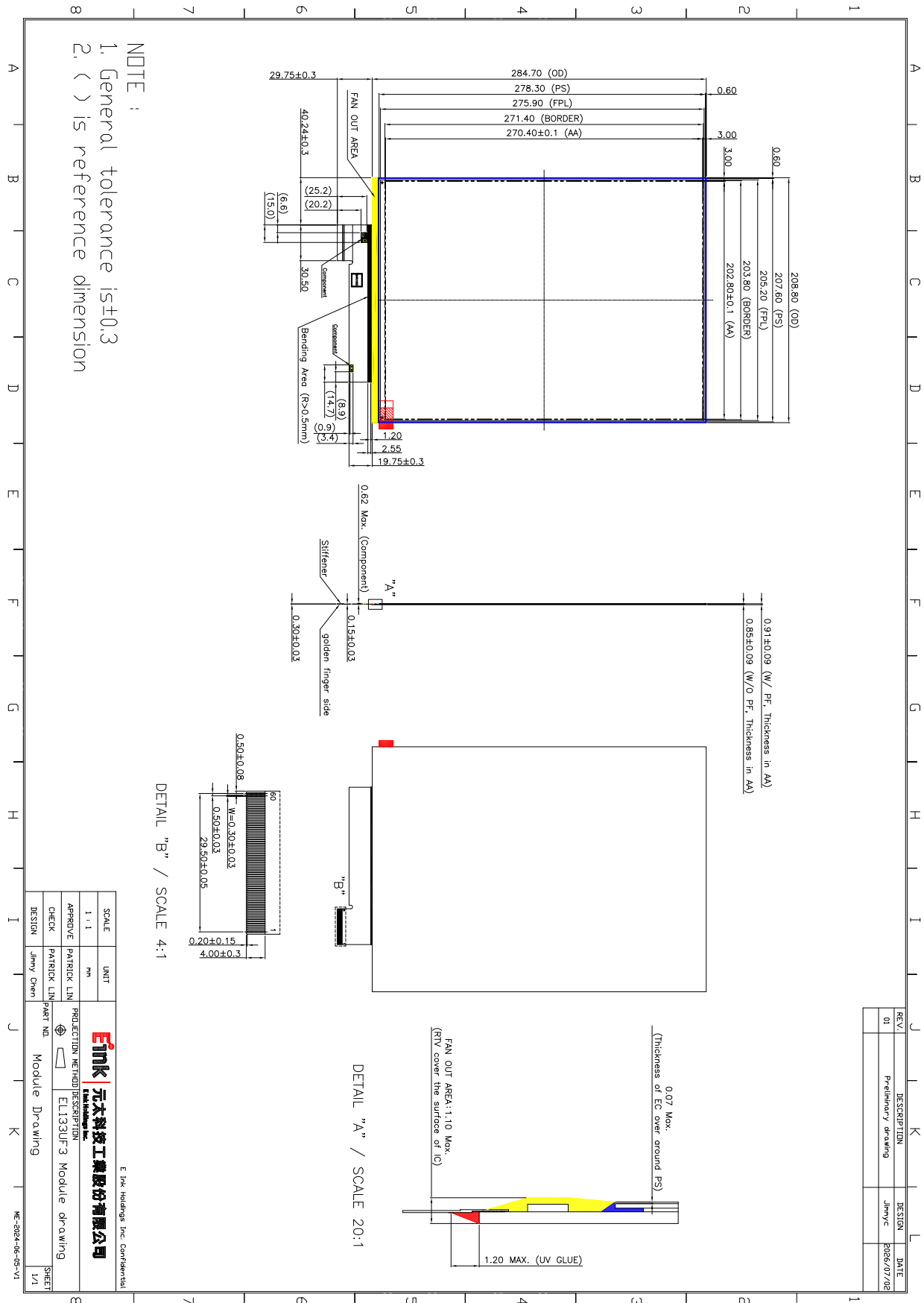
2. Features

- Display Black/White/Red/Yellow/Blue/Green colors
- High contrast electrophoretic imaging film
- Ultra-wide viewing angle
- Ultra-low power consumption
- Pure reflective mode
- Bi-stable image
- Portrait mode
- Operation temperature range: 0°C ~ 50°C

3. General Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	Remark
Screen Size	13.3	inch	150ppi
Display Resolution	1200(H) x 1600(V)	Pixel	3:4
Active Area	202.8 (H) x 270.4 (V)		
Pixel Pitch	0.169 x 0.169	mm	
Pixel Configuration	Square		
Outline Dimension	208.8 (H) x 284.7 (V) x 0.85(D)	mm	Without masking film
Module Weight	50 ± 10	g	
Display operating mode	Reflective mode		
FPL	E Ink Spectra 6		
Surface treatment	Anti-glare treatment for protective sheet		
Operating Temp. Range	0 ~ 50	°C	
Storage Temp. Range	-25 ~ 60	°C	

4. Mechanical Drawing of EPD Module



5. Input / Output Interface

5-1) Connector type

Service	Connector	Type Number	Number of Pins	Mating Connector
Interface	P-TWO	196070-60041	60	Copper foil 0.5mm pitch

5-2) Pin Assignment

Pin Assignment

Pin Assignment			
Pin #	Type	Single	Description
1	P	VCOMBD_M	VCOMBD driving voltage (Master)
2	I	RESEC	Current sense input pin for the control loop.(VCOM)
3	O	GDRC	N-Channel MOSFET gate drive control.(VCOM)
4	I	RESEN	Current sense input pin for the control loop. (VDDN)
5	O	GDRN	P-Channel MOSFET gate drive control pin. (VDDN)
6	I	RESEP	Current sense input pin for the control loop. (VDDP)
7	O	GDRP	N-Channel MOSFET gate drive control pin. (VDDP)
8	P	GND	Ground
9	P	AVDD	Analog voltage supply.(DC/DC)
10	P	VDD	Analog /digital voltage supply.
11		NC	No connection and do not connect with other NC pins
12	P	VCC	LDO output pin.
13	P	VDDP	Positive power supply for analog circuit. (+16V ~ +19V)
14	P		
15	P	VPP	OTP programming voltage (8.25V)
16	P	VDDN	Negative power supply for analog circuit. (-19V ~ -16V)
17	P		
18	P	VCC1	Positive power supply only for Oscillator.
19	P	VDDIO	Power input for IO.
20	I/O	TSCL	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Clock pin
21	I/O	TSDA	I2C Interface to digital temperature sensor Data pin
22	I	BS0	Input interface setting. Select 3 wire/ 4 wire/ Quad SPI interface.(Default :H)
23	I	BS1	Input interface setting. Select 3 wire/ 4 wire/ Quad SPI interface.(Default :H)
24	I	RES#	Reset.
25	O	BUSY_N	This pin indicates the driver status. Connect with a pull up resistor to VDDIO. BUSY_N = "0" : Driver is busy, data/VCOM is transforming. BUSY_N = "1" : Non-busy. Host side can send command/data to driver.

26	I	D/C#	Command/Data input. L: command H: data. (4-wire SPI). Connect to GND in 3-wire mode or standard 4-wire mode.
27	I	CSB M	Serial communication chip select.(Master)
28	I	SCL	Serial communication clock input.
29	I/O	SI0	Serial communication data input/output (3-wire/4-wire SPI). Serial communication data input (Standard 4-wire SPI).
30	I/O	SI1	Serial communication data input. Serial communication data output. (Standard 4-wire SPI).
31	I	SI2	Serial communication data input. (Standard 4-wire SPI Quad mode)
32	I	SI3	Serial communication data input. (Standard 4-wire SPI Quad mode)
33	O	DRV_P Gate	Driving external N-MOSFET(VGP)
34	I	FBP	Positive charge pump(VGP) feedback pin.
35	P	GND	Ground
36	O	VCOMBD S	VCOMBD driving voltage (Slave)
37	O	DRV_N	Driving external BTJ. (VGN)
38	I	FBN	Negative charge pump feedback pin. (VGN)
39	O	REG_VGN	VGN internal reference voltage output.
40	O	DRV_N2	Driving external BTJ. (VNCP 3P5V)
41	P	VNCP_3P5V	Negative power supply for analog bias1 circuit. (for TFT_Vcom) -3.5V deviation +/- 4.5%
42	P	VSPH	Positive source buffer output.
43	P	VSPL	Positive source buffer output.
44	P	VSPL2	Positive source buffer output.
45	P	VSPHI	Positive source voltage.
46	P	VSPLI	Positive source voltage.
47	P	VSPL2I	Positive source voltage.
48	P	VSNH	Negative source buffer output.
49	P	VSNL	Negative source buffer output.
50	P	VSNL2	Negative source buffer output.
51	P	VSNL2I	Negative source voltage.
52	P	VSNLI	Negative source voltage.
53	P	VSNHI	Negative source voltage.
54	O	FPL_VCOM	FPL_VCOM driving voltage
55	O	TFT_VCOM	TFT_VCOM driving voltage
56	P	VBB_3P5V	Negative power supply for analog bias2 circuit. (for TFT_Vcom) -3.5V deviation +/- 4.5%
57	-	NC	No connection and do not connect with other NC pins
58	I	CSB S	Serial communication chip select.(Slave)

59	P	VGH	Positive Gate driving voltage
60	P	VGL	Negative Gate driving voltage

Note 5-1: This pin (CSB) is the chip select input connecting to the MCU. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CSB is pulled Low.

Note 5-2: This pin (D/C#) is Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU. When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled Low, the data will be interpreted as command.

Note 5-3: This pin (RES#) is reset signal input. The Reset is active Low.

Note 5-4: This pin (BUSY_N) is Busy state output pin. When Busy is low, the operation of chip should not be interrupted and any commands should not be issued to the module. The driver IC will put Busy pin low when the driver IC is working such as:

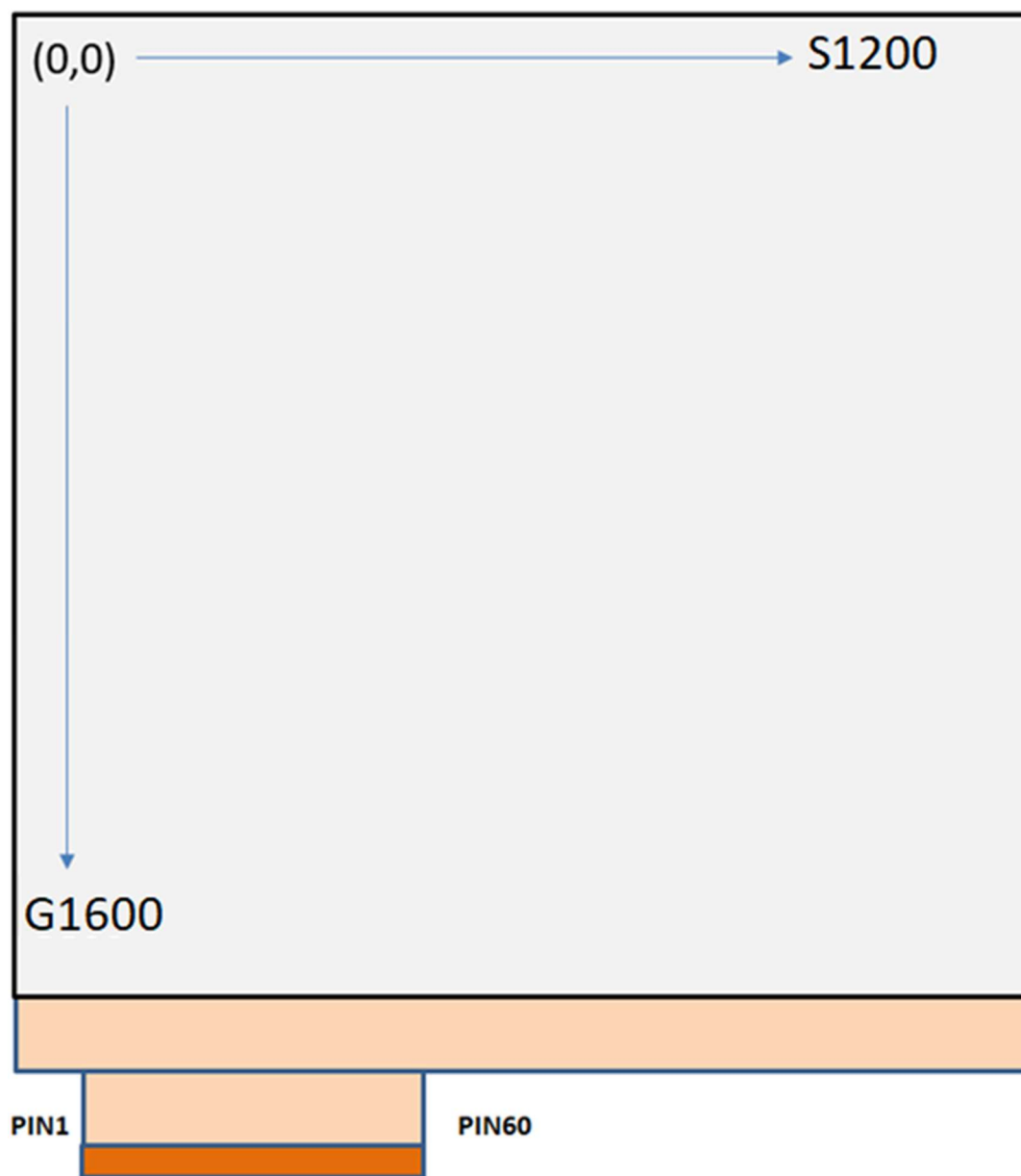
- Outputting display waveform; or
- Programming with OTP
- Communicating with digital temperature sensor

Note 5-5: This pin (BS0/BS1) is for 3-line SPI /4-line SPI/QSPI selection. Please refer to below Table.

Table: Bus interface selection

BS1	BS0	MPU Interface
L	L	3-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI) – 9 bits SPI
L	H	4-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI)
H	L	Standard 4-wire SPI
H	H	Standard 4-wire SPI (Default)

5-3) Panel Scan Directions



6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Analog power	VDD	-0.5 to +3.6	V

Note: Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics chapter.

6-2 Display Module DC characteristics

Display Module DC characteristics: Please follow the table for the normal operation of the panel; otherwise, it may influence the panel's optical performance.

The standby power (P_{STBY}) is the consumed power when the panel controller is in standby mode. This value is only for reference since it depends on the performance of the panel controller (Whether there is wireless transmission function (WiFi & BLE) will seriously affect the power consumption.)

The following specifications apply for: $VDD = 3.3V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Logic supply voltage	VDD		2.8	3.3	3.6	V
IO supply voltage	VDDIO		2.8	3.3	3.6	V
DCDC power input voltage	AVDD		2.8	3.3	6.0	V
LDO output	VCC		1.2	1.3	1.4	V
Oscillator supply voltage	VCC1		1.2	1.3	1.4	V
Positive Gate driving voltage	VGH		26.0	27.0	28.0	V
Negative Gate driving voltage	VGL		-21.0	-20.0	-19.0	V
Positive source buffer output	VSPH		--	Adjusted	--	V
Positive source buffer output	VSPL		--	Adjusted	--	V
Positive source buffer output	VSPL2		--	Adjusted	--	V
Positive source voltage.	VSPHI		--	Adjusted	--	V
Positive source voltage.	VSPLI		--	Adjusted	--	V
Positive source voltage.	VSPL2I		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source buffer output	VSNH		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source buffer output	VSNL		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source buffer output	VSNL2		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source voltage	VSNL2I		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source voltage	VSNLI		--	Adjusted	--	V
Negative source voltage	VSNHI		--	Adjusted	--	V
VCOM_DC output voltage	TFT_VCOM		-4.0	Adjusted	-0.3	V
VCOM_AC output voltage	FPL_VCOM		-15 + VCOM DC	--	15 + VCOM DC	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	Digital input pins	GND	--	0.2xVDD	V
High level input voltage	VIH	Digital input pins	0.8xVDD	--	VDD	V
High level output voltage	VOH	Digital output pins, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}, VDD = 2.4V$	0.8xVDD	--	--	V
Low level output voltage	VOL	Digital output pins, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}, VDD = 2.4V$	GND	--	0.2xVDD	V
Module stand-by current	IMSTB	Stand-by mode	--	42	--	uA
Module deep sleep current	IMDS	Deep sleep mode	--	1.8	--	uA

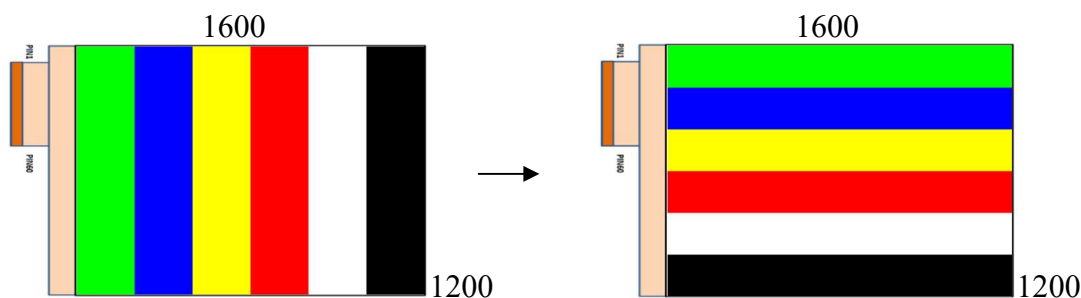
Inrush Current	I _{NC}	Booster on	--	972	1226	mA
Driving Peak Current	I _{PC}	TYP Loading Pattern	--	984	1229	mA
		High Loading Pattern	--	1012	1275	mA
Module operating current	I _{MOPR}	TYP Loading Pattern	--	103	138	mA
		High Loading Pattern	--	305	396	mA
Operation Power Dissipation	P	TYP Loading Pattern VDD=3.3V with DC-DC	--	339.9	448.8	mW
		High Loading Pattern VDD=3.3V with DC-DC	--	1006.5	1306.8	mW
Standby Power Dissipation	P _{STBY}	VDD=3.3V	--	138.6	--	uW

Note:

1. The Module operating current data is measured by using Oscilloscope, and extract the Mean value.
2. The typical power consumption is measured using associated 25°C waveform with following pattern transition: from horizontal color stripe pattern to vertical color stripe pattern. (Note 6-1)
3. The high loading power consumption is measured using associated 25°C waveform with following pattern transition: from full white pattern to noise pattern (including random scattering of 6 colors) (Note 6-2)
4. The minimum VDD value by 2.8V is based on typical application pattern with stable and continuing power supply. It does not apply on high loading pattern such as Note 6-2.
5. The listed electrical/optical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by E Ink
6. VCOM value has been set in the IC chip on the panel.
7. Due to the presence of the Gate IC, the measured sleep current will increase.
8. Issue the command 0x07 with data 0xA5 to let EPD enter deep sleep mode.

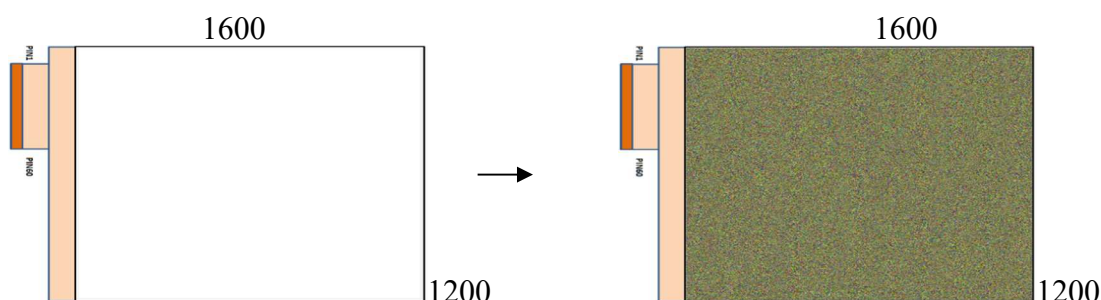
Note 6-1

The typical power consumption



Note 6-2

The high loading power consumption



6-3 Panel AC Characteristics

6-3-1 MCU Interface

6-3-1-1 MCU Interface Selection

In this module, there are 3-wire SPI, 4-wire SPI and standard 4-wire SPI that can communicate with MCU. The MCU interface mode can be set by hardware selection on BS0 and BS1 pins. Please refer to the following table to select the bus interface.

Pin Name	Bus Selection		Data/Command Interface		Control Signal		
Bus interface	BS0	BS1	SDA	SCL	CS#	D/C#	RES#
3-wire SPI	L	L	SDIN/OUT	SCLK	CS#	N/A	RES#
4-wire SPI	H	L	SDIN/OUT	SCLK	CS#	L : Command Input H : Data Input	RES#
Standard 4-wire SPI	H	H	MOSI : SDOUT MISO : SDIN	SCLK	CS#	N/A	RES#

Table 6-1: MCU interface assignment under different bus interface mode

Note 6-3: L is connected to GND

Note 6-4: H is connected to VDD

6-3-1-2 MCU Serial Interface (4-wire SPI)

The 4-wire SPI consists of serial clock SCLK, serial data SDA, D/C#, CS#.

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCLK
Write Command	L	L	↑
Write data	L	H	↑

Table 6-2: Control pins of 4-wire Serial Peripheral interface

Note 6-5: ↑stands for rising edge of signal

SDA is shifted into an 8-bit shift register in the order of D7, D6, ... D0. The data byte in the shift register is written to the Graphic Display Data RAM (RAM) or command register in the same clock. Under serial mode, only write operations are allowed.

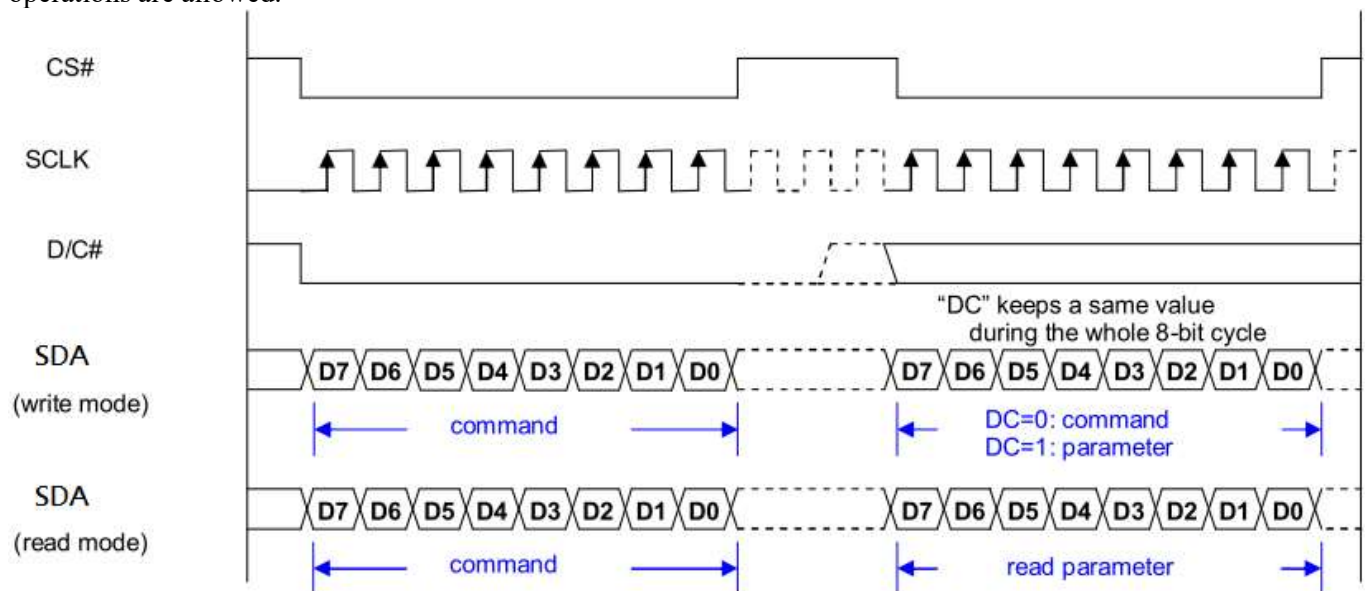


Figure 6-1: Write procedure in 4-wire Serial Peripheral Interface mode

6-3-1-3 MCU Serial Interface (3-wire SPI)

The 3-wire serial interface consists of serial clock SCLK, serial data SDA and CS#.

In 3-wire SPI mode, the pin D/C# can be connected to an external ground.

The operation is similar to 4-wire serial interface while D/C# pin is not used. There are altogether 9-bits will be shifted into the shift register on every ninth clock in sequence: D/C# bit, D7 to D0 bit. The D/C# bit (first bit of the sequential data) will determine the following data byte in shift register is written to the Display Data RAM (D/C# bit = 1) or the command register (D/C# bit = 0). Under serial mode, only write operations are allowed.

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCLK
Write Command	L	Tied to GND	↑
Write data	L	Tied to GND	↑

Table 6-3: Control pins of 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface

Note 6-6: ↑stands for rising edge of signal

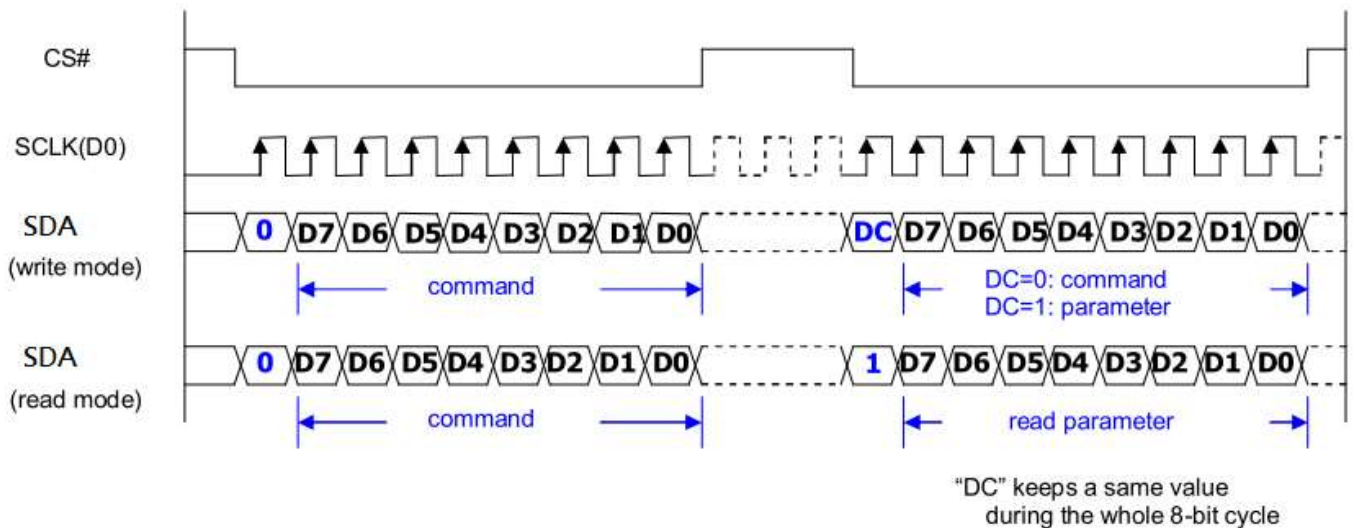
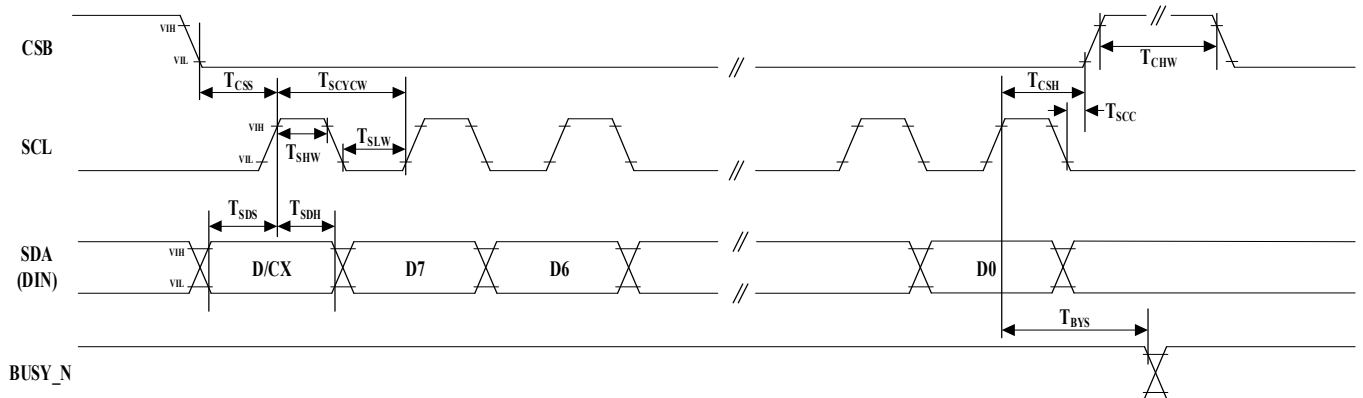


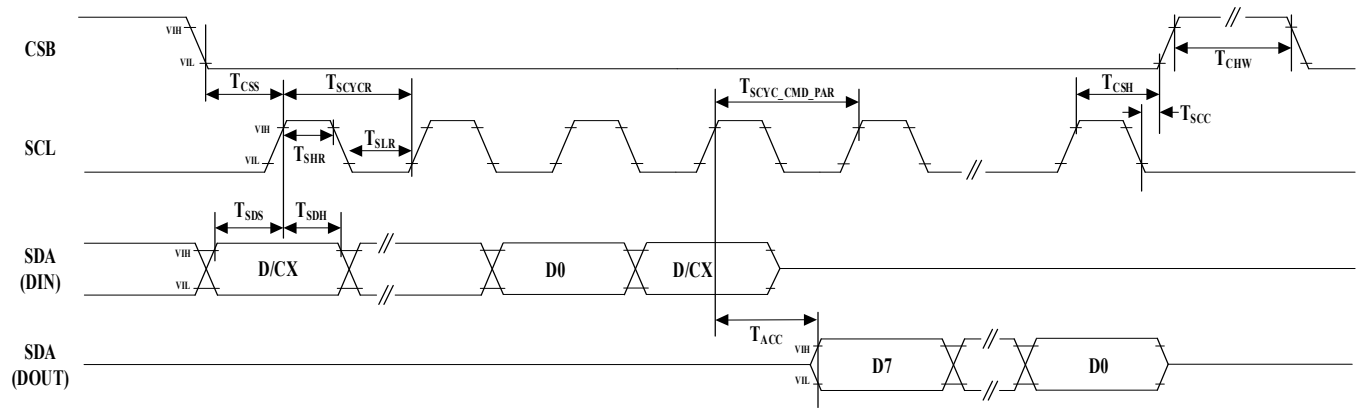
Figure 6-2: Write procedure in 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface mode

6-3-2 Timing Characteristics of Series Interface

6-3-2-1 3-wire SPI

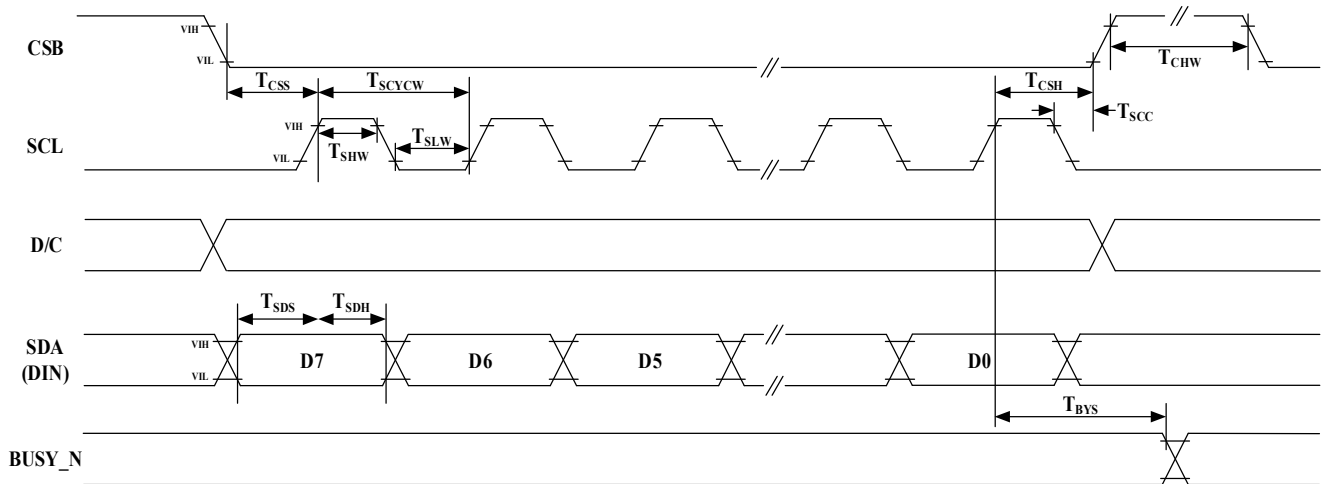


3 pin serial interface characteristics (write mode)

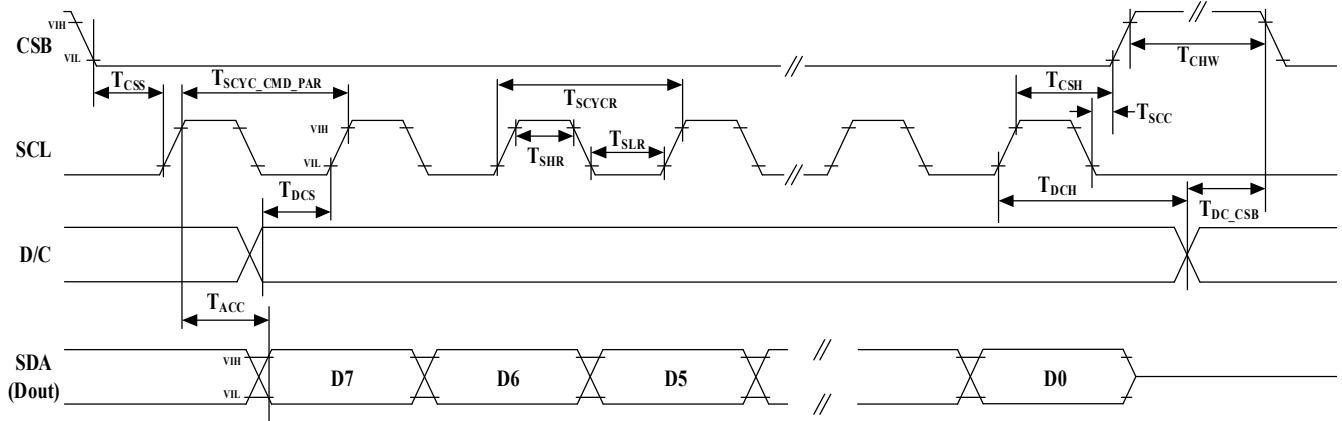


3 pin serial interface characteristics (read mode)

6-3-2-2 4-wire SPI

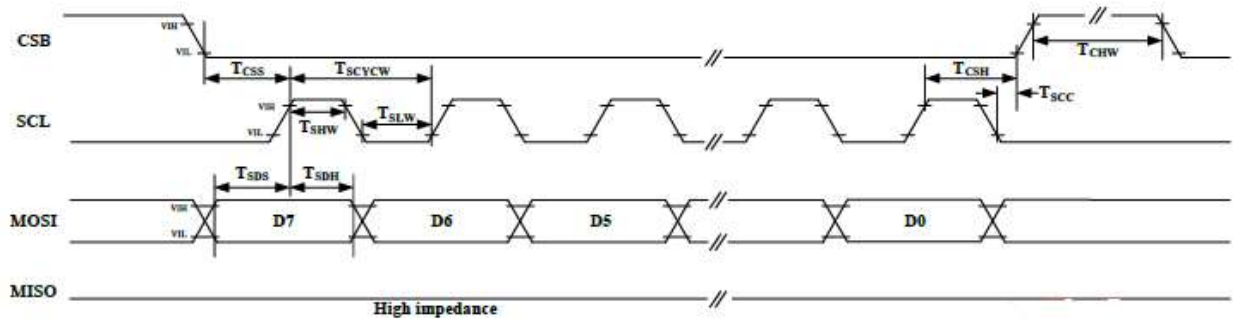


4 pin serial interface characteristics (write mode)



4 pin serial interface characteristics (read mode)

6-3-2-3 Standard 4-wire SPI



Standard 4 pin serial interface characteristics

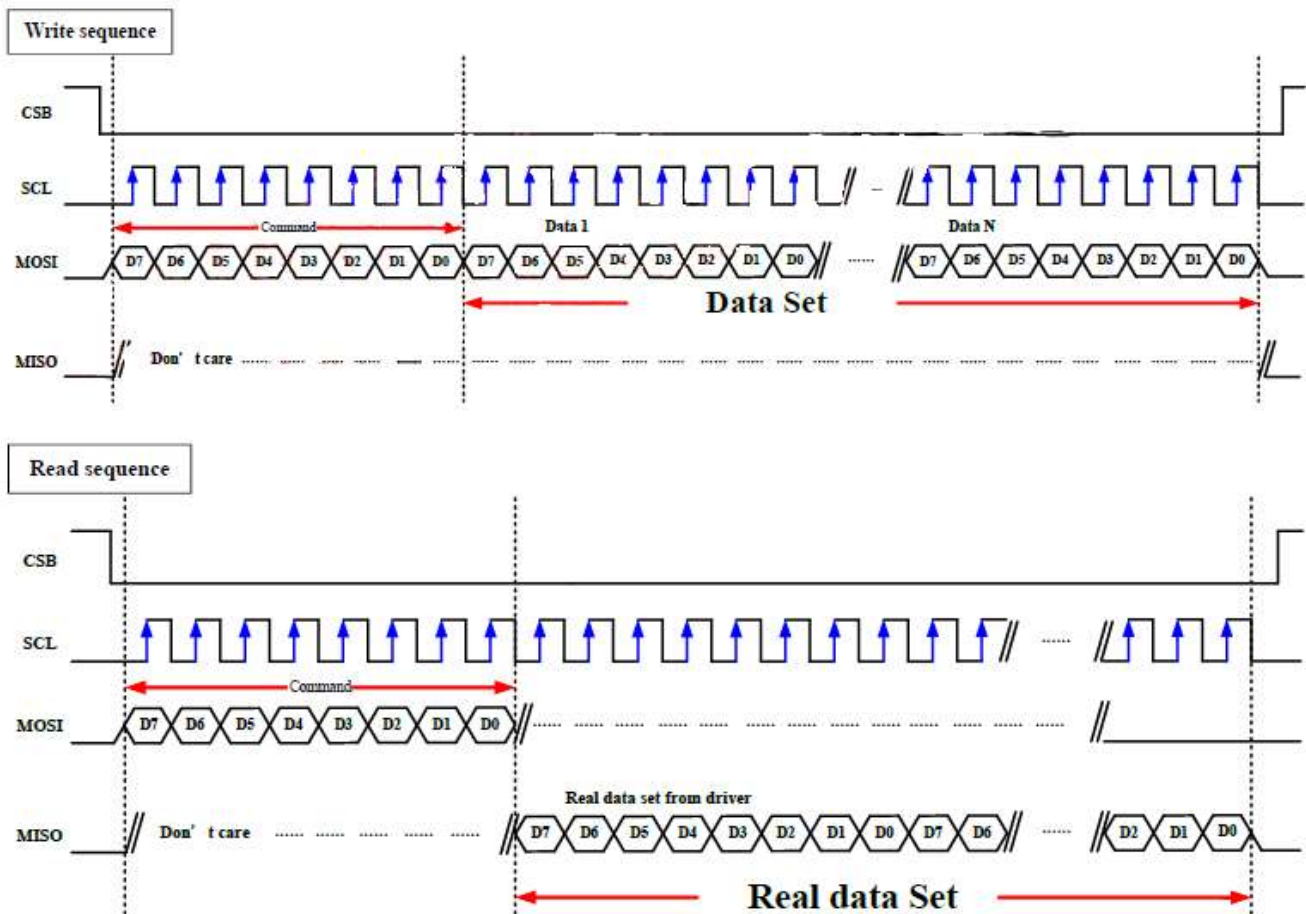


Figure : Standard 4 pin serial interface protocol

Table 3-wire Timing Table

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	condition
SERIAL COMMUNICATION						
CSB	Tcss	60			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tcsh	65			ns	Chip select hold time
	Tscc	20			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tchw	40			ns	Chip select setup time
SCL	Tscycw	50			ns	Serial clock cycle (Write)
	Tshw	25			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Write)
	Tslw	25			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Write)
	Tscycr	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Read)
	Tshr	60			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Read)
	Tslr	60			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Read)
	TSCYC_C MD PAR	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Between command and 1st parameter)
SDA	Tsds	30			ns	Data setup time
	Tsdh	30			ns	Data hold time
	TACC			140	ns	Access time
BUSY_N	TBYS			150	ns	BUSY_N setup time

Table 4-wire Timing Table

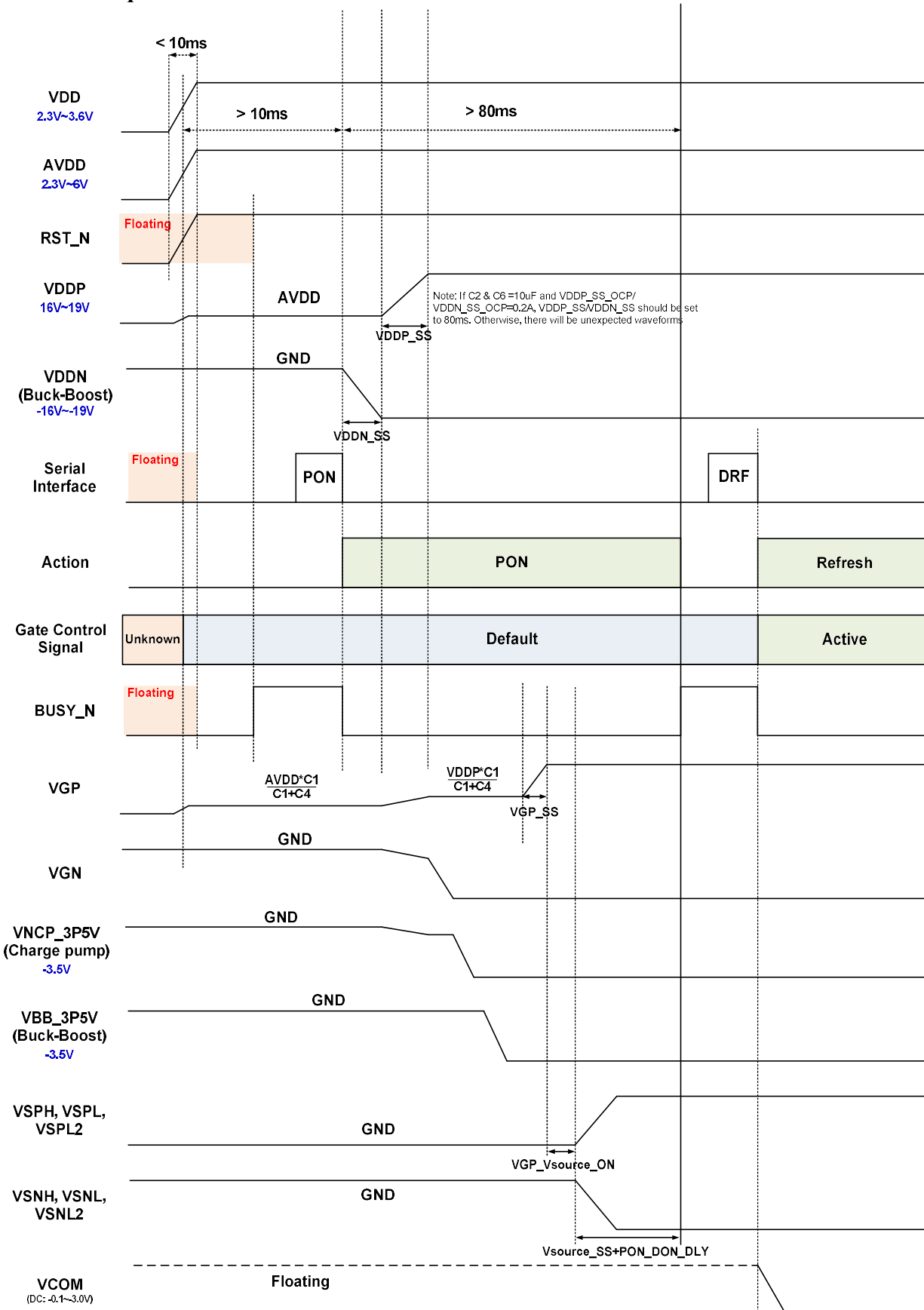
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	condition
SERIAL COMMUNICATION						
CSB	Tcss	60			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tcsh	65			ns	Chip select hold time
	Tscc	20			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tchwh	40			ns	Chip select setup time
SCL	Tscycw	50			ns	Serial clock cycle (Write)
	Tshw	25			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Write)
	Tslw	25			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Write)
	Tscycr	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Read)
	Tshr	60			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Read)
	Tslr	60			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Read)
	TSCYC_C MD PAR	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Between command and 1st parameter)
SDA	Tsds	30			ns	Data setup time
	Tsdh	30			ns	Data hold time
	TACC			140	ns	Access time
BUSY_N	TBYS			150	ns	BUSY_N setup time

Table standard 4-wire Timing Table

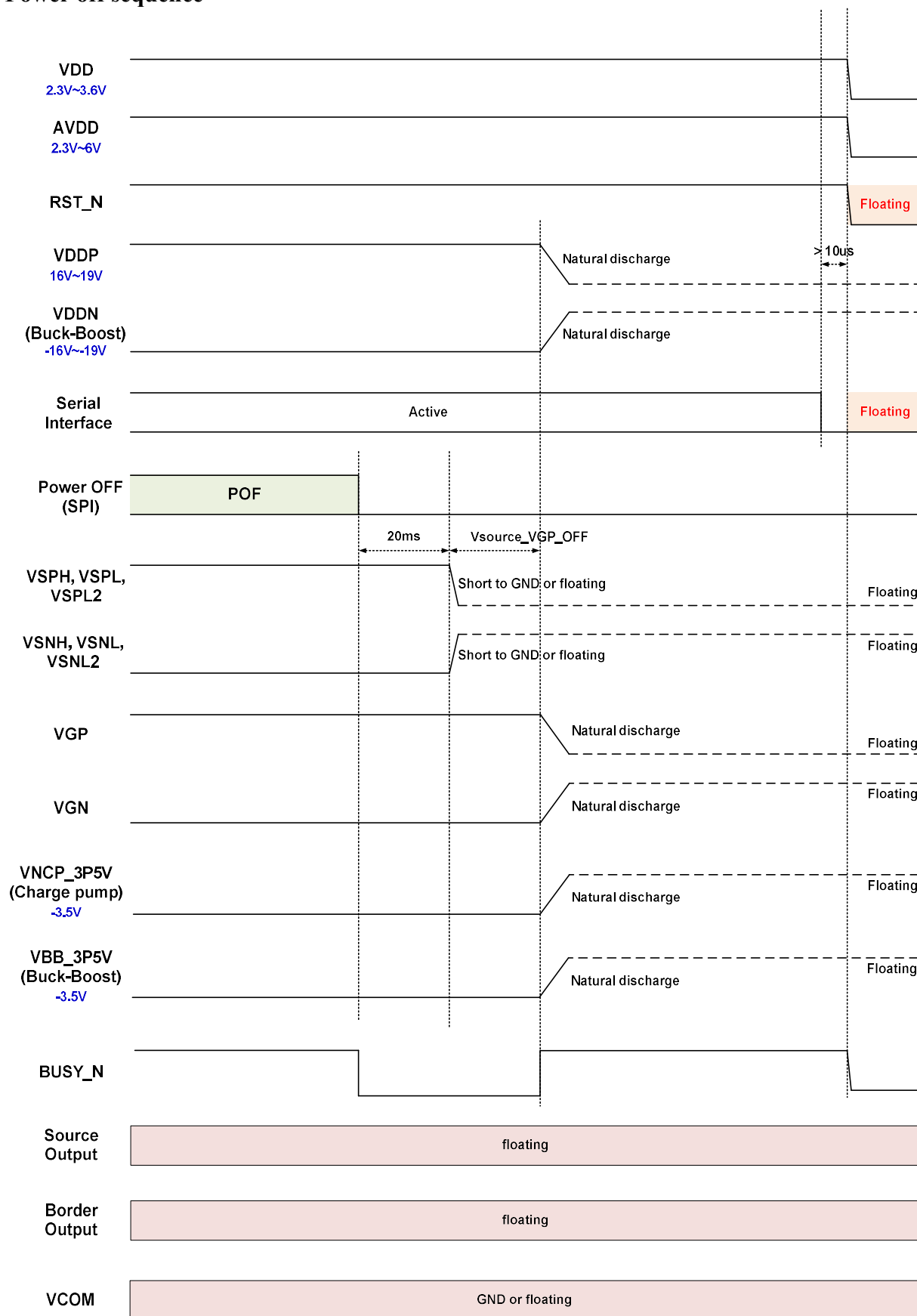
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	condition
SERIAL COMMUNICATION						
CSB	Tcss	60			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tcsh	65			ns	Chip select hold time
	Tscc	20			ns	Chip select setup time
	Tchwh	40			ns	Chip select setup time
SCL	Tscycw	50			ns	Serial clock cycle (Write)
	Tshw	25			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Write)
	Tslw	25			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Write)
	Tscycr	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Read)
	Tshr	60			ns	SCL “H” pulse width (Read)
	Tslr	60			ns	SCL “L” pulse width (Read)
	TSCYC_C MD PAR	150			ns	Serial clock cycle (Between command and 1st parameter)
MOSI MISO	Tsds	30			ns	Data setup time
	Tsdh	30			ns	Data hold time
	TACC			140	ns	Access time
BUSY_N	TBYS			150	ns	BUSY_N setup time

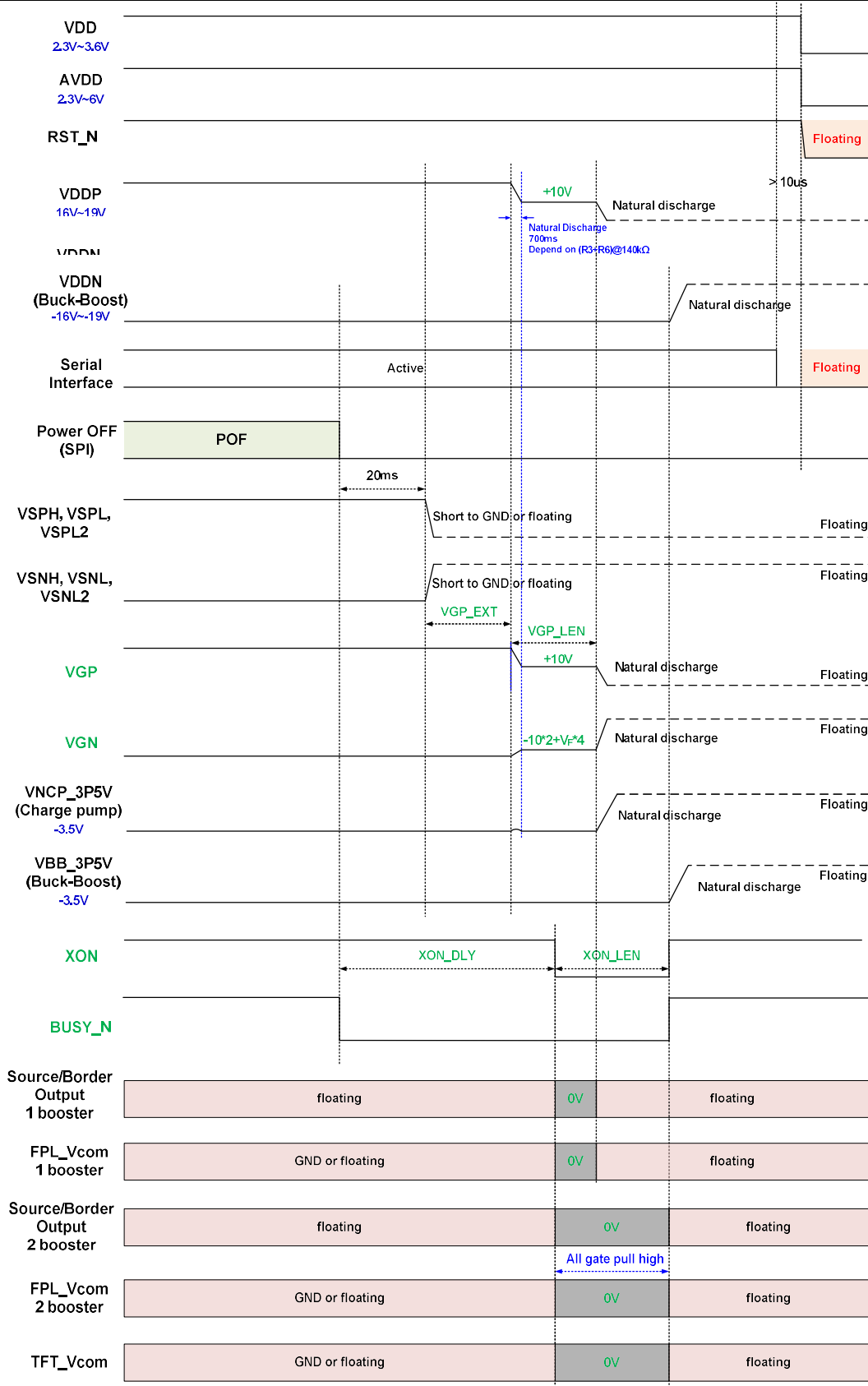
7. Power Characteristics

Power on sequence



Power off sequence





Timing	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
XON_DLY	0	5		Sec	The Duration is for stabilization of the pigments
XON_LEN	0	2		Sec	The Duration is for discharge the remain charges in module

8. Optical Characteristics

8-1) Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
T _{update}	Update time	-	0°C	-	50	-	sec	-
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	L* Typ.	a* Typ.	b* Typ.	ΔE2000 Max.	Note
WS	White State L*/a*/b* value	White	0°C	65	-4	-2	6	Note 8-1
DS	Dark State L*/a*/b* value	Dark	0°C	13	9	-12	6	Note 8-1
RS	Red State L*/a*/b* value	Red	0°C	26	38	28	6	Note 8-1
YS	Yellow State L*/a*/b* value	Yellow	0°C	65	-13	64	6	Note 8-1
BS	Blue State L*/a*/b* value	Blue	0°C	31	4	-38	6	Note 8-1
GS	Green State L*/a*/b* value	Green	0°C	35	-21	10	8	Note 8-1

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
R	Reflectance	White	25°C	30	34	-	%	Note 8-1
CR	Contrast Ratio	-	25°C	15	22	-	-	-
T _{update}	Update time	-	25°C	-	27	-	sec	-
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	L* Typ.	a* Typ.	b* Typ.	ΔE2000 Max.	Note
WS	White State L*/a*/b* value	White	25°C	66	-4	-3	6	Note 8-1
DS	Dark State L*/a*/b* value	Dark	25°C	11	9	-11	6	Note 8-1
RS	Red State L*/a*/b* value	Red	25°C	26	41	30	6	Note 8-1
YS	Yellow State L*/a*/b* value	Yellow	25°C	66	-15	66	6	Note 8-1
BS	Blue State L*/a*/b* value	Blue	25°C	32	4	-39	6	Note 8-1
GS	Green State L*/a*/b* value	Green	25°C	35	-22	10	8	Note 8-1

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
T_{update}	Update time	-	50°C	-	27	-	sec	-
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Temperature	L* Typ.	a* Typ.	b* Typ.	ΔE_{2000} Max.	Note
WS	White State L*/a*/b* value	White	50°C	66	-3	-2	6	Note 8-1
DS	Dark State L*/a*/b* value	Dark	50°C	11	10	-12	6	Note 8-1
RS	Red State L*/a*/b* value	Red	50°C	26	40	30	6	Note 8-1
YS	Yellow State L*/a*/b* value	Yellow	50°C	66	-15	66	6	Note 8-1
BS	Blue State L*/a*/b* value	Blue	50°C	32	5	-31	6	Note 8-1
GS	Green State L*/a*/b* value	Green	50°C	35	-21	5	8	Note 8-1

WS: White state, DS: Dark state, RS: Red state, YS: Yellow state, BS: Blue state, GS: Green state

Note 8-1 : Luminance meter : Eye – One Pro3 plus Spectrophotometer

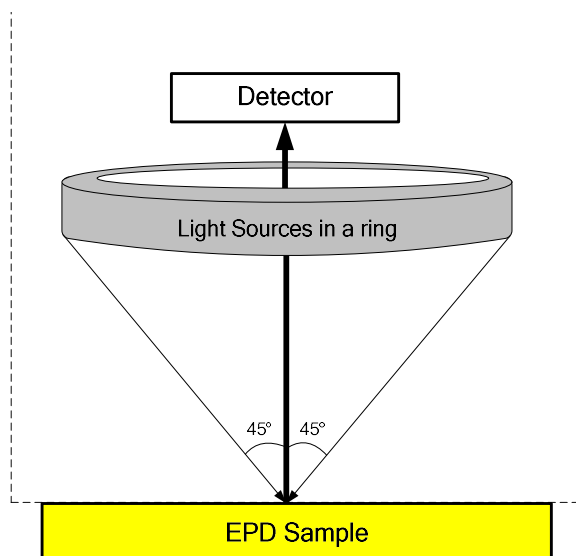
Note 8-2 :

- 0°C EO spec applied to 0~19°C temperature range EO
- 25°C EO spec applied to 20~30°C temperature range EO
- 50°C EO spec applied to 31~50°C temperature range EO

8-2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio (CR) is the ratio between the reflectance in a full white area (Rl) and the reflectance in a dark area (Rd) :

$$CR = Rl/Rd$$



8-3 Reflection Ratio

The reflection ratio is expressed as :

$$R = \text{Reflectance Factor}_{\text{white board}} \times (L_{\text{center}} / L_{\text{white board}})$$

L_{center} is the luminance measured at center in a white area ($R=G=B=1$). $L_{\text{white board}}$ is the luminance of a standard white board. Both are measured with equivalent illumination source. The viewing angle shall be no more than 2 degrees.

9. Handling, Safety, and Environment Requirements and Remark

WARNING
The display may break when it is dropped or bumped on a hard surface. Handle with care. Should the display break, do not touch the electrophoretic material. In case of contact with electrophoretic material, wash with water and soap.

CAUTION
The display module should not be exposed to harmful gases, such as acid and alkali gases, which corrode electronic components.
Disassembling the display module can cause permanent damage and invalidate the warranty agreements.
IPA solvent can only be applied on active area and the back of a glass. For the rest part, it is not allowed.

Mounting Precautions
(1) It's recommended that you consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
(2) It's recommended that you attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the EPD. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
(3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
4) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because he former generates corrosive gas of attacking the PS at high temperature and the latter cause's circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
(5) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed PS with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of PS for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics deteriorate the PS)
(6) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach the PS. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the PS.
(7) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with PS causes deformations and color fading.

Limiting values
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other condition these are stress ratings only

and operation of the device at these or at any other condition to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification

10. Reliability Test

	TEST	CONDITION	REMARK
1	High Temperature Storage	T = 60°C 35% RH, 240Hrs Test in White pattern	
2	Low Temperature Storage	T = -25°C, 240Hrs Test in White pattern	
3	High Temperature Operation	T = 50°C 30% RH, 240Hrs 150s interval between updates	
4	Low Temperature Operation	T = 0°C, 240Hrs 150s interval between updates	
5	High-Temperature, High-Humidity Operation	T = +40°C, RH = 90%, 240Hrs 150s interval between updates	
6	High Temperature, High-Humidity Storage	T = 60°C 80% RH, 240Hrs Test in White pattern	
7	Heat Shock	-25°C (30 min) ~60°C (30 min) 50 cycle, 1Hr/cycle Test in White pattern	
8	Electrostatic Discharge	(Machine model) +/- 200V ; 0Ω, 200pF	Non-operation

Actual EMC level to be measured on customer application.

Note :

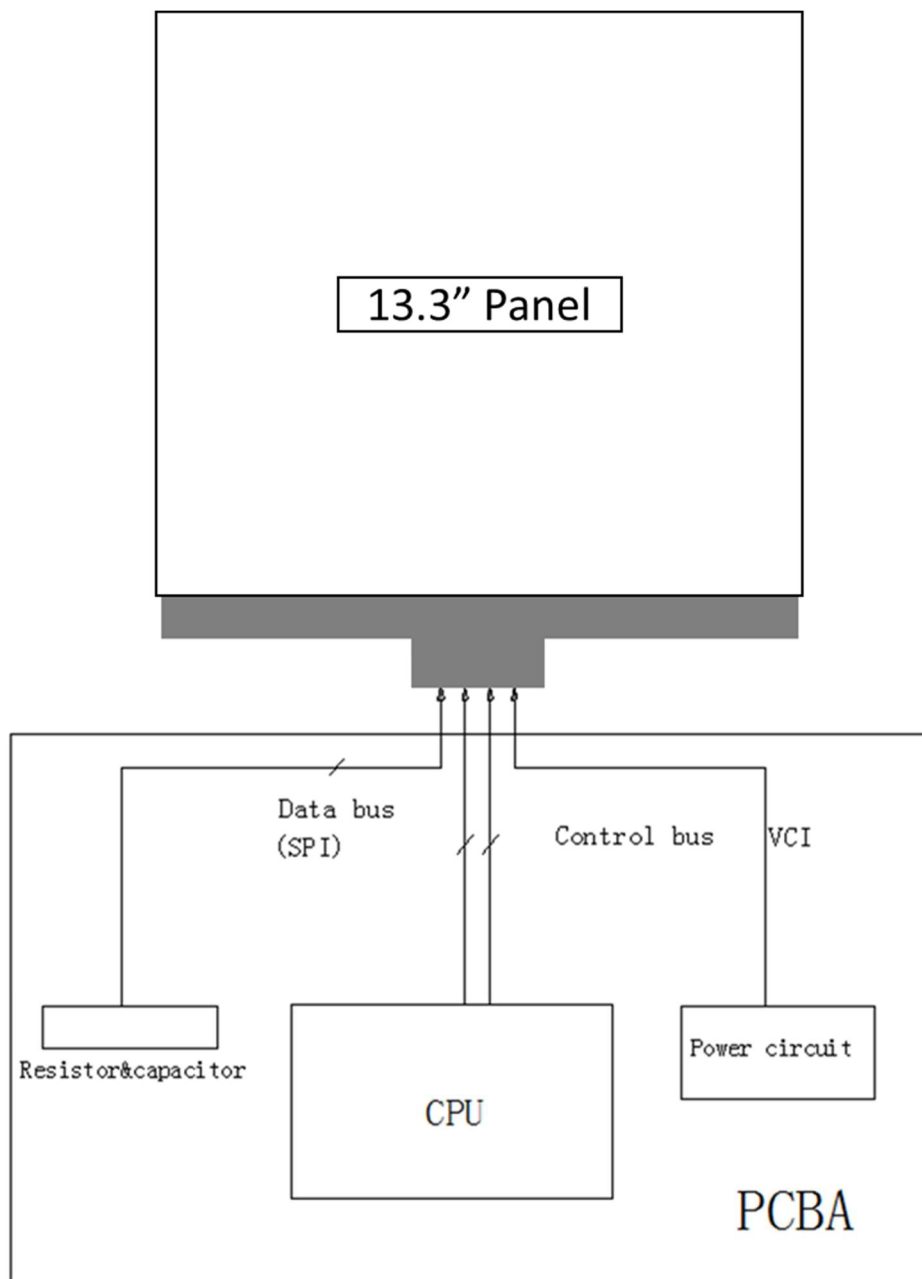
1. The protective film must be removed before temperature test.
2. For operation test, image update interval time 150s.

< Criteria >

In the standard conditions, there is not display function NG issue occurred.

All the cosmetic specification is judged before the reliability stress.

11. Block Diagram



12. Packing

Packing Drawing

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DESIGN	DATE
01	INITIAL DRAWING	Jimmyc	20250702

NOTE:

- ONE LAYER INCLUDE:
1 PCS MODULE & 1 PIECE OF TRAY.
- Q'TY: 12 PCS PANEL/CARTON.
- DIMENSION: 455*375*190mm.
- Make sure tray stacked with 180° rotation, we can check this by tray's half circles from lateral side view.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	Q'ty	REMARK
7	30g DESICCANT	2	
6	CARTON INTERNAL	1	
5	FOLDED BAG 450*380*580mm	1	ANTISTAIC
4	EPE CUSHION SHEET	12	ANTISTAIC
3	EL133UF1	12	
2	TRAY	12	ANTISTAIC
1	EPE FOAM	2	

APPROVE	PATRICK LIN	元太科技工業股份有限公司 E Ink Holdings Inc.	DWG.TITLE EL133UF3 PACKING DRAW.
CHECK	PATRICK LIN		
DESIGN	jimmy Chen		

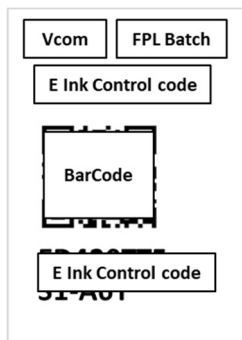
E Ink Holdings Inc. Confidential

A4
SIZE

ME-P-2024-06-05-V1

13. Barcode Definition

Label example:



Barcode content example:

H7RR1	SPR	00Q	I	Y	B	T00010A	T		-1.42
1	2	3	1	4	5	1	6	7	8

1 : E Ink Internal control codes

2 : FPL type: SPR represent E Ink Spectra 6

3 : FPL lot# revision code

4 : Year code:

Year	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Code	Y	Z	A	B	C	D	E

5 : Month code:

Month	Jan	Feb	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

6 : MFG code

Month	ElH	TOC
Code	P	T

7 : One Blank

8 : Vcom value