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Mechanical design



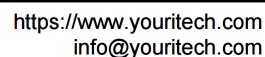
SPECIFICATION FOR LCM Module

MODULE No:	ET121HD22-K
CUSTOMER:	

YOURITECH	INITIAL	DATE
PREPARED BY		
CHECKED BY		
APPROVED BY		

CUSTOMER	INITIAL	DATE
APPROVED BY		



[illegible]

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* Description

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (liquid crystal display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This module is composed of a transmissive type TFT LCD Panel, driver circuit, back-light unit. The resolution of 12.1" TFT-LCD contains 1280X800 pixels, and can display up to 262K/16.2M colors.

* Features

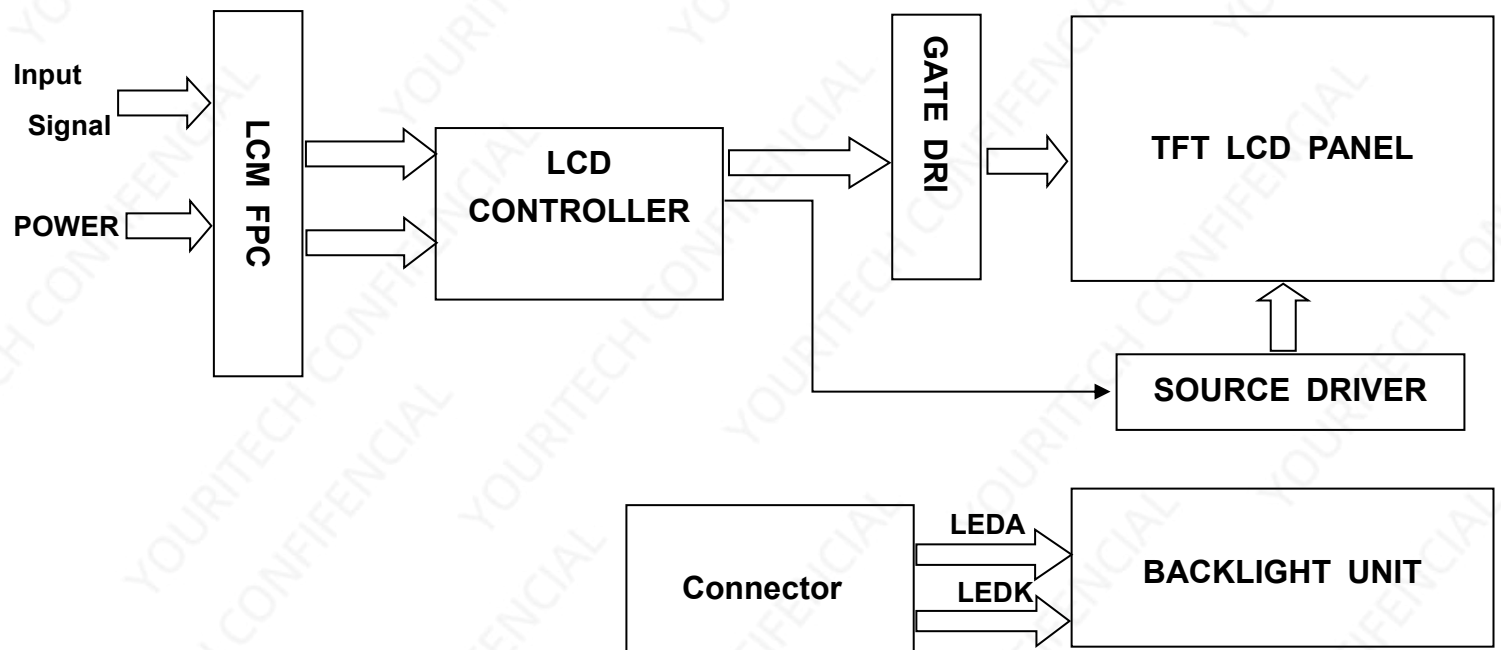
General Information Items	Specification	Unit	Note
	Main Panel		
Display area(AA)	261.12(H) *163.20(V) (12.1inch)	mm	-
Driver element	TFT active matrix	-	-
Display colors	262K/16.7M	colors	-
Number of pixels	1280(RGB)*800	dots	-
TFT Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Pixel pitch	0.204(H) x 0.204(V)	mm	-
Viewing angle	ALL	o'clock	-
Display mode	Transmissive/Normally Black	-	-
Operating temperature	-30~+85	°C	-
Storage temperature	-30~+85	°C	-

* Mechanical Information

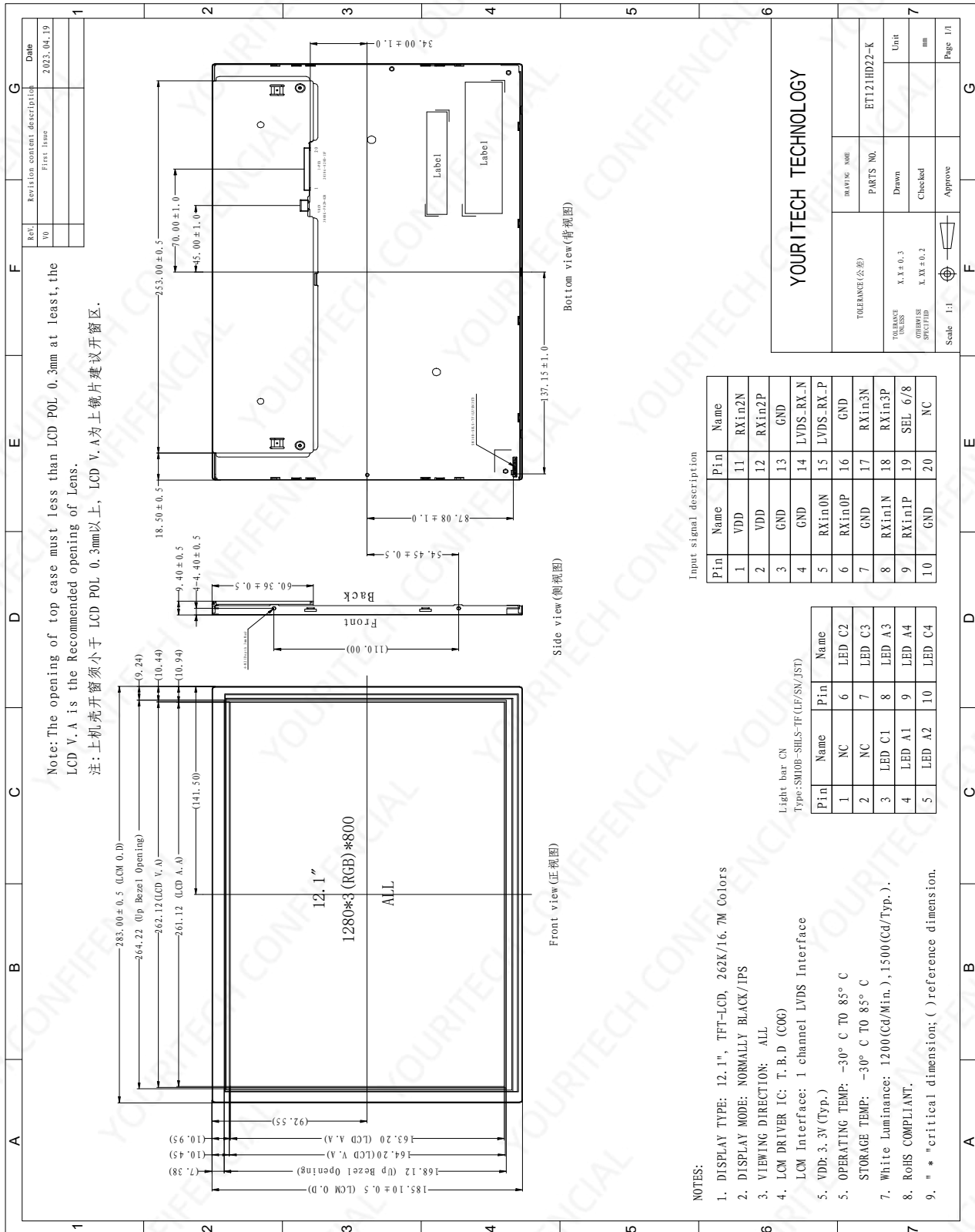
Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal(H)		283.00		mm	-
	Vertical(V)		185.10		mm	-
	Depth(D)		9.40		mm	-
Weight			503		g	-



1. Block Diagram



2. Outline dimension



3. Input terminal Pin Assignment

3.1 TFT(Connector:FI-SEB20P-HFE/20186-202E-11F)

NO.	SYMBOL	DISCRIPTION	I/O
1	VDD	Power supply, 3.3V	P
2	VDD	Power supply, 3.3V	P
3	GND	Ground	P
4	GND	Ground	P
5	RXin0N	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative)	I
6	RXin0P	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	I
7	GND	Ground	P
8	RXin1N	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative)	I
9	RXin1P	Differential Data Input , CH1 (Positive)	I
10	GND	Ground	P
11	RXin2N	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Negative)	I
12	RXin2P	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Positive)	I
13	GND	Ground	P
14	LVDS_RX_N	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	I
15	LVDS_RX_P	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	I
16	GND	Ground	P
17	RXin3N	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	I
18	RXin3P	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	I
19	SEL 6/8	6bit/8bit mode select, SELB = "1" : LVDS input data is 8bits SELB = "0" : LVDS input data is 6bits	Note*
20	NC	--	--

Note* : The high level voltage "1" is 3.3V, and the low level voltage "0" is GND.



3.2 Backlight

Connector:SM10B-SHLS-TF

NO.	SYMBOL	DISCRIPTION	Note
1	NC	--	--
2	NC	--	--
3	LED C1	LED carhode1	P
4	LED A1	LED anode1	P
5	LED A2	LED anode2	P
6	LED C2	LED carhode2	P
7	LED C3	LED carhode3	P
8	LED A3	LED anode3	P
9	LED A4	LED anode4	P
10	LED C4	LED carhode4	P



4. LCD Optical Characteristics

4.1 Optical specification

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit.	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\Theta=0$ Normal viewing angle	800	1000	--		(1)(2)
Response time	Rising	T_{R+T_F}		--	25	30	msec	(1)(3)
	Falling							
LCM Luminance		LV		1200	1300	--	cd/m2	
Color Gamut		S(%)		--	72	--	%	
Color Filter Chromaticity	White	W_X		-0.05	0.313	+0.05		(1)(4) CF glass
		W_Y			0.329			
	Red	R_X			0.631			
		R_Y			0.329			
	Green	G_X			0.299			
		G_Y			0.619			
	Blue	B_X			0.155			
		B_Y			0.054			
Viewing angle	Hor.	Θ_L	CR>10	80	89	--	(1)(4)	
		Θ_R		80	89	--		
	Ver.	Θ_U		80	89	--		
		Θ_D		80	89	--		
Option View Direction		ALL						

*The data comes from the LCD specification.

Measuring Condition

Measuring surrounding : dark room

Ambient temperature : $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$

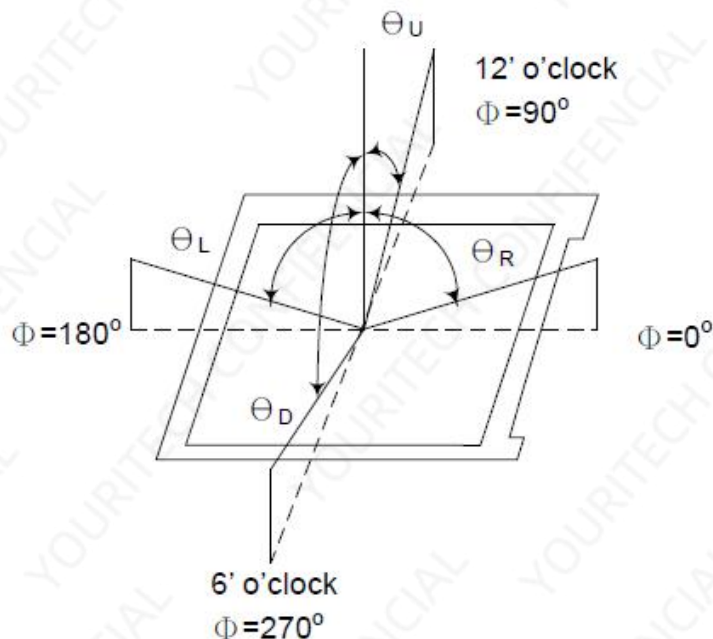
15min. warm-up time.

Measuring Equipment

FPM520 , which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics.



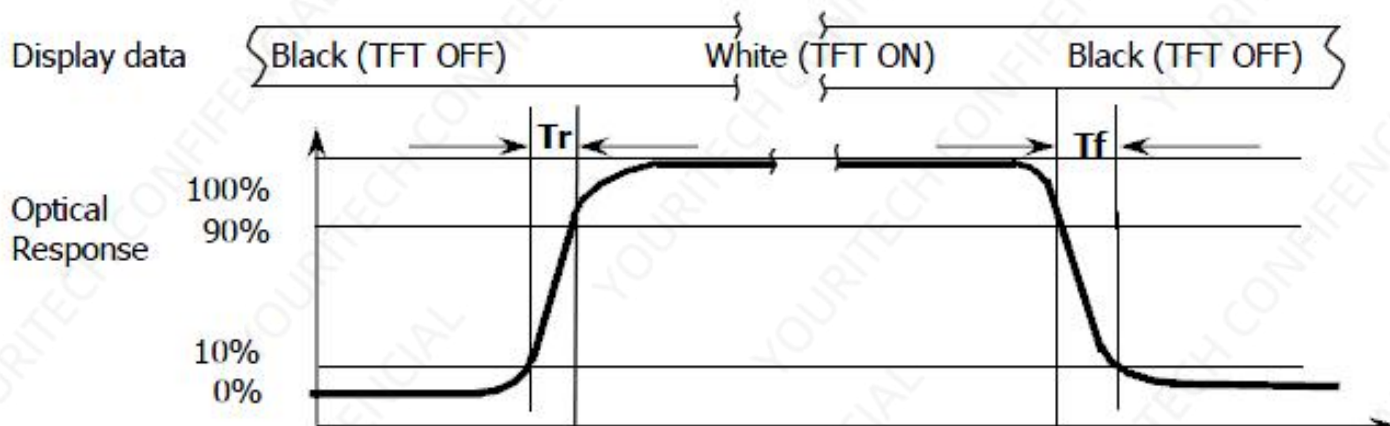
Note (1): Definition of Viewing Angle :



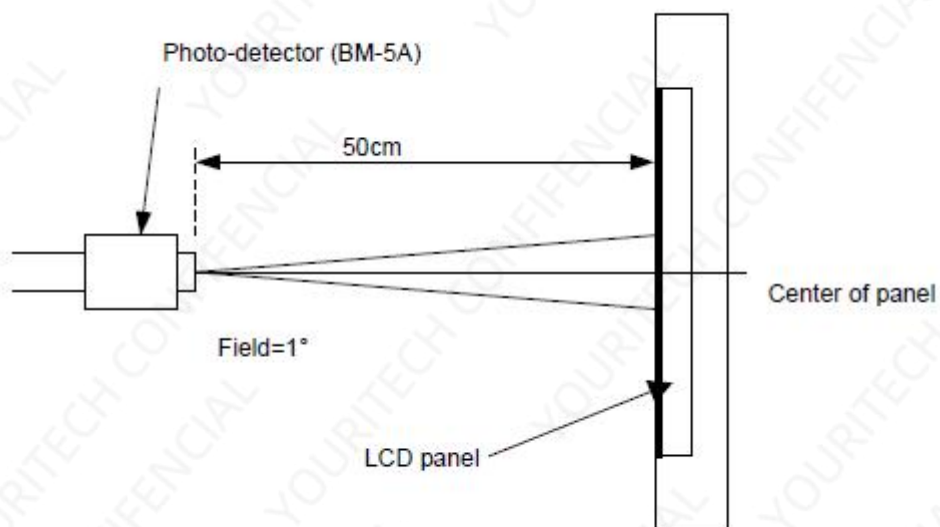
Note (2): Definition of Contrast Ratio(CR) :measured at the center point of panel

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels black}}$$

Note (3): Response Time



Note (4): Definition of optical measurement setup



5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25 VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.8	V	Note1
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	-30	+85	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+85	°C	

NOTE1: If the absolute maximum rating of even is one of the above parameters is exceeded even momentarily, the quality of the product may be degraded. Absolute maximum ratings, therefore, specify the values exceeding which the product may be physically damaged. Be sure to use the product within the range of the absolute maximum ratings.

5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	--
Normal mode Current consumption	IDD	--	--	500	mA	--
Level input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7 VDD	--	VDD	V	--
	V _{IL}	-0.3	--	0.3 VDD	V	--
Level output voltage	V _{OH}	0.8* VDD	--	VDD	V	--
	V _{OL}	GND	--	0.2 VDD	V	--



5.3 Backlight Driving Conditions

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Voltage	V_F	--	30	34	V	$I_F=78\text{mA}, T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$
LED Forward Current	I_F	--	78	--	mA	$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$
LED Power Consumption	P_{LED}	--	9.357	10.625	Watt	
LED life time	Hr	50000	70000	--	Hour	$I_F=78\text{mA}, T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Note:

1. T_a means ambient temperature of TFT-LCD module
2. V_{CC}, I_{VCC}, P_{VCC} are defined for LED backlight. (100% duty of PWM dimming)
3. I_F, V_F are defined for one channel LED, There are four LED channel in back light unit
4. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness, Minimum operating life time is estimated data.

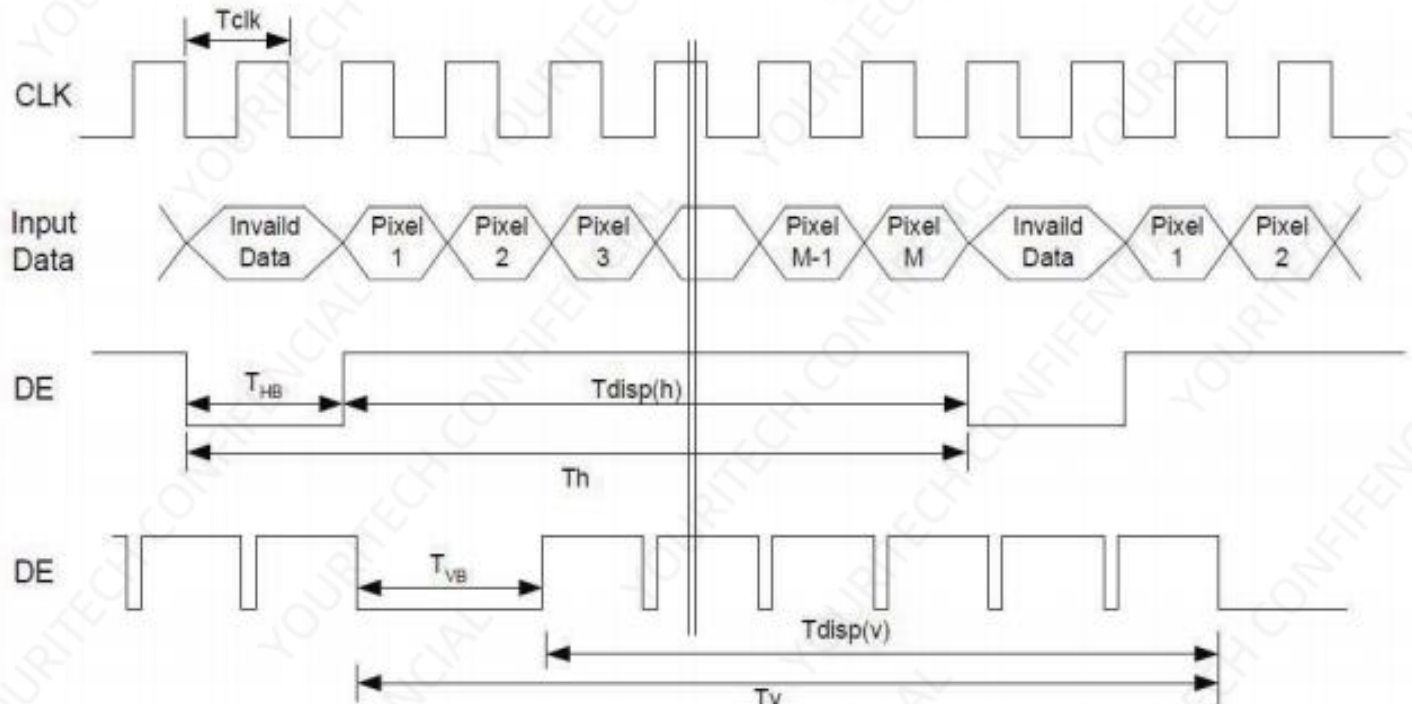


6. LVDS Interface Characteristics

6.1 Timing Characteristics

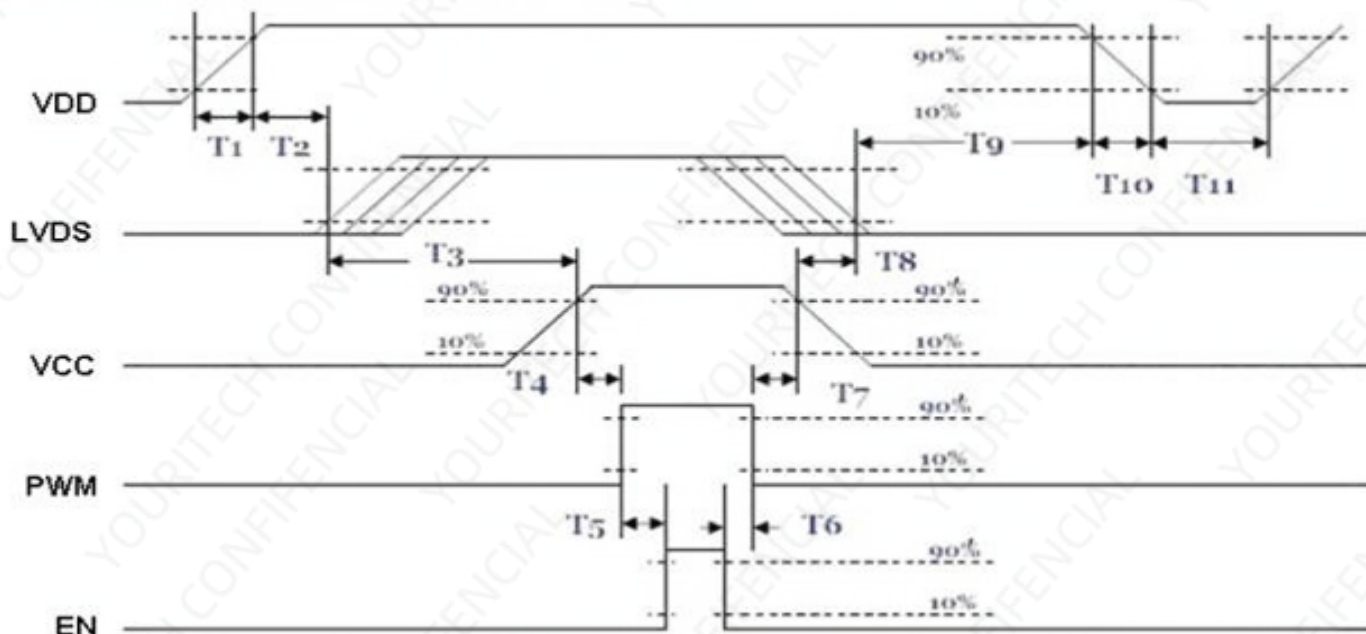
Signal	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Clock Timing	Clock frequency		1/ T _{Clock}	60	74.4	90	MHz
Vsync Timing	Vertical Section	Period	T _V	808	838	900	Vsync Timing
		Active	T _{VD}	-	800	-	
		Blanking	T _{VB}	8	38	100	
Hsync Timing	Horizontal Section	Period	T _H	1350	1480	1680	Hsync Timing
		Active	T _{HD}	-	1280	-	
		Blanking	T _{HB}	70	200	400	
Frame Rate			F	50	60	75	Hz

6.2 Input Timing Characteristics



6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

VDD power and lamp on/off sequence is as below. Interface signals are also shown in the chart. Signals from any system shall be Hi-Z state or low level when VDD is off.



Power ON/OFF sequence timing

Parameter	Value			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T1	0.5	-	10	[ms]
T2	30	40	50	[ms]
T3	175	-	-	[ms]
T4	10	-	-	[ms]
T5	10	-	-	[ms]
T6	0	-	-	[ms]
T7	10	-	-	[ms]
T8	100	-	-	[ms]
T9	0	16	50	[ms]
T10	0	-	10	[ms]
T11	1000	-	-	[ms]

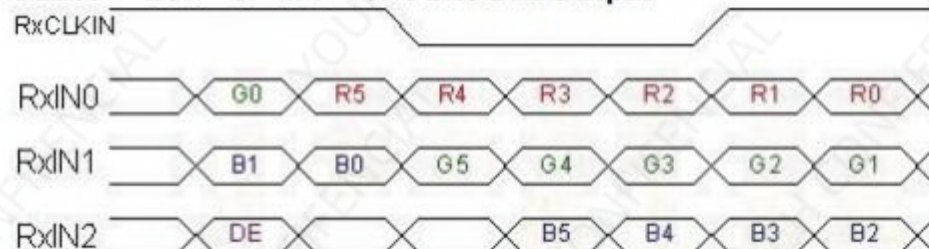
The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. Please make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



6.4 The Input Data Format

6.4.1 SEL68

SEL68 = "Low" or "NC" for 6 bits LVDS Input



SEL68 = "High" for 8 bits LVDS Input



Note 1: Please follow PSWG.

Note 2: R/G/B data 7:MSB, R/G/B data 0:LSB

Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7	Red-pixel Data For 8Bits LVDS input MSB: R7 ; LSB: R0 For 6Bits LVDS input MSB: R5 ; LSB: R0
R6	Red Data 6	
R5	Red Data 5	
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0	
G7	Green Data 7	Green-pixel Data For 8Bits LVDS input MSB: G7 ; LSB: G0 For 6Bits LVDS input MSB: G5 ; LSB: G0
G6	Green Data 6	
G5	Green Data 5	
G4	Green Data 4	
G3	Green Data 3	
G2	Green Data 2	
G1	Green Data 1	
G0	Green Data 0	



B7	Blue Data 7	Blue-pixel Data For 8Bits LVDS input MSB: B7 ; LSB: B0 For 6Bits LVDS input MSB: B5 ; LSB: B0
B6	Blue Data 6	
B5	Blue Data 5	
B4	Blue Data 4	
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
B0	Blue Data 0	
RxCLKIN	LVDS Data Clock	The typical frequency is 40MHz.
DE	Data Enable Signal	When the signal is high, the pixel data shall be valid to be displayed.

Note: Output signals from any system shall be low or Hi-Z state when VDD is off.



7. LCD Module Out-Going Quality Level

7.1 VISUAL & FUNCTION INSPECTION STANDARD

7.1.1 Inspection conditions

Inspection performed under the following conditions is recommended.

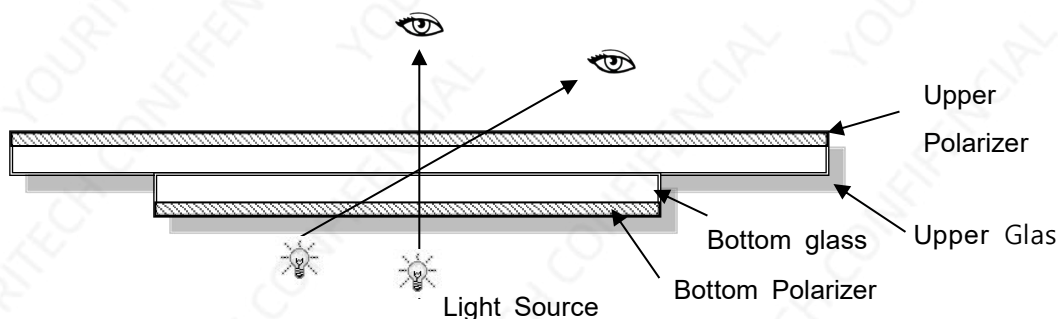
Temperature : $25\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: $65\%\pm 10\%\text{RH}$

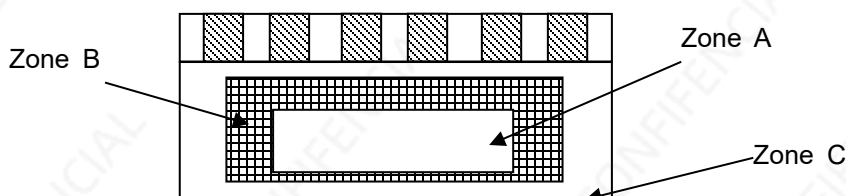
Viewing Angle: Normal viewing Angle.

Illumination: Single fluorescent lamp (300 to 700Lux)

Viewing distance: 30-50cm



7.1.2 Definition



Zone A: Effective Viewing Area (Character or Digit can be seen)

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: COVER



7.1.3 Sampling Plan

According to GB/T 2828-2003 ; , normal inspection, Class II

AQL:

Major defect	Minor defect
0.65	1.5

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display , LCM: Liquid Crystal Module

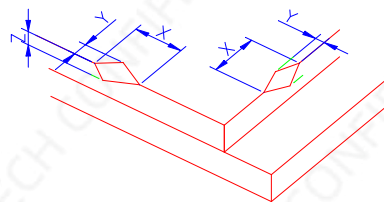
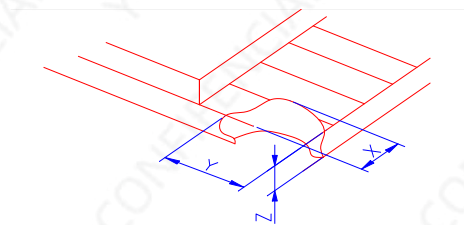
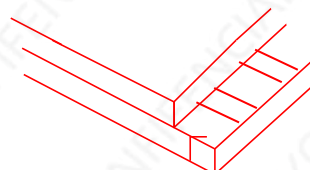
No	Items to be inspected	Criteria	Classification of defects
1	Functional defects	1) No display, Open or miss line 2) Display abnormally, Short 3) Backlight no lighting, abnormal lighting. etc	Major
2	Missing	Missing components and etc	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed, deformation and etc	
4	Color tone	Color unevenness, refer to limited sample	Minor
5	Spot/Line defect	Light dot, Dim spot, (Note1) Polarizer Air Bubble, Polarizer accidented spot and etc	
6	Soldering appearance	Good soldering , Peeling off is not allowed and etc	
7	LCD/Polarizer	Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.	

Note1: a) Light dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.

b) Dim dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue picture.



7.1.4 Criteria (Visual)

Number	Items	Criteria(mm)						
1.0 LCD Crack/Broken NOTE: X: Length Y: Width Z: Height L: Length of IT O, T: Height of LCD	(1) The edge of LCD broken	 <table><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>≤3.0mm</td><td><Inner border line of the seal</td><td>≤T</td></tr></table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T
	X	Y	Z					
	≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T					
(2)LCD corner broken	 <table><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>≤3.0mm</td><td>≤L</td><td>≤T</td></tr></table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T	
X	Y	Z						
≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T						
(3) LCD crack	 Crack Not allowed							



Spot defect

2.0

Y

X

Φ=(X+Y)/2

① light dot (black/white spot , pinhole, stain, etc.)

Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty		
	A	B	C
Φ≤0.15	Ignore		Ignore
0.15<Φ≤0.25	3(distance ≥ 10mm)		
0.25<Φ≤0.4	2(distance ≥ 10mm)		
Φ>0.4	0		

② Dim spot (light leakage、dent、dark spot, etc)

Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty		
	A	B	C
Φ≤0.15	Ignore		Ignore
0.15<Φ≤0.25	3(distance ≥ 10mm)		
0.25<Φ≤0.4	2(distance ≥ 10mm)		
Φ>0.4	0		

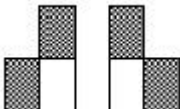
③ Polarizer accidented spot

Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty		
	A	B	C
Φ≤0.2	Ignore		Ignore
0.2<Φ≤0.5	2(distance ≥ 10mm)		
Φ>0.5	0		

④Polarizer Bubble

Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty		
	A	B	C
Φ≤0.2	Ignore		Ignore
0.2<Φ≤0.4	2(distance ≥ 10mm)		
Φ>0.4	0		



3.0	LCD Pixel defect	Pixel bad points																							
		<table> <tr> <th>Item</th><th>Zone A</th><th>Acceptable Qt</th></tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Bright dot</td><td>Random</td><td>$N \leq 2$</td></tr> <tr> <td>2 dots adjacent</td><td>$N \leq 0$</td></tr> <tr> <td>3 dots adjacent</td><td>$N \leq 0$</td></tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Dark dot</td><td>Random</td><td>$N \leq 3$</td></tr> <tr> <td>2 dots adjacent</td><td>$N \leq 0$</td></tr> <tr> <td>3 dots adjacent</td><td>$N \leq 0$</td></tr> <tr> <td>Distance</td><td> 1. Minimum Distance Between Bright dots. 2. Minimum Distance Between dark dots 3. Minimum Distance Between dark and bright dot. </td><td>5mm</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Total bright and dark dot</td><td>$N \leq 4$</td></tr> </table> Note: A) Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern. B) Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue picture. C) 2 dot adjacent = 1 pair = 2 dots Picture:   2 dot adjacent 2 dot adjacent (vertical)   2 dot adjacent 2 dot adjacent (slant)	Item	Zone A	Acceptable Qt	Bright dot	Random	$N \leq 2$	2 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$	3 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$	Dark dot	Random	$N \leq 3$	2 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$	3 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$	Distance	1. Minimum Distance Between Bright dots. 2. Minimum Distance Between dark dots 3. Minimum Distance Between dark and bright dot.	5mm	Total bright and dark dot		$N \leq 4$
Item	Zone A	Acceptable Qt																							
Bright dot	Random	$N \leq 2$																							
	2 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$																							
	3 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$																							
Dark dot	Random	$N \leq 3$																							
	2 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$																							
	3 dots adjacent	$N \leq 0$																							
Distance	1. Minimum Distance Between Bright dots. 2. Minimum Distance Between dark dots 3. Minimum Distance Between dark and bright dot.	5mm																							
Total bright and dark dot		$N \leq 4$																							



4.0	Line defect (LCD /Polarizer backlight black/white line, scratch, stain)  W: width, L : length N : Count	Width(mm)	Length(m)	Acceptable Qty			
				A	B	C	
		$\Phi \leq 0.05$	Ignore	Ignore			Ignore
		$0.05 < W \leq 0.06$	$L \leq 5.0$	$N \leq 3$			
		$0.06 < W \leq 0.08$	$L \leq 4.0$	$N \leq 2$			
$W > 0.08$	Define as spot defect						
5.0	Electronic Components SMT.	Not allow missing parts, solderless connection, cold solder joint, mismatch, The positive and negative polarity opposite					
6.0	Display color& Brightness.	1. Color: Measuring the color coordinates, The measurement standard according to the datasheet or samples. 2. Brightness: Measuring the brightness of White screen, The measurement standard according to the datasheet or Samples.					
7.0	LCD Mura/Waving/ Hot spot	Not visible through 5% ND filter in 50% gray or judge by limit sample if necessary.					



Criteria (functional items)

Number	Items	Criteria (mm)
1	No display	Not allowed
2	Missing segment	Not allowed
3	Short	Not allowed
4	Backlight no lighting	Not allowed
5	CTP no function	Not allowed



8. Reliability Test Result

Item	Condition	Inspection after test
High Temperature Operating	85°C,96H	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room temperature, the sample shall be free from defects: 1.Air bubble in the LCD; 2.Non-display; 3.Missing segments/line; 4.Glass crack; 5.Current IDD is twice higher than initial value.
Low Temperature Operating	-30°C, 96HR	
High Temperature Storage	85°C, 96HR	
Low Temperature Storage	-30°C, 96HR	
High Temperature & High Humidity Operating	+60°C, 90% RH ,96 hours.	
Thermal Shock (Non-operation)	-10°C,30 min ↔ +60°C,30 min, Change time:5min 20CYC.	
ESD test	C=150pF, R=330,5points/panel Air:±8KV, 5times; Contact:±6KV, 5 times; (Environment: 15°C~35°C, 30%~60%).	
Vibration (Non-operation)	Frequency range:10~55Hz, Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X.Y.Z. (6 hours for total) (Package condition).	
Box Drop Test	1 Corner 3 Edges 6 faces,80cm(MEDIUM BOX)	

Remark:

- 1.The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2.Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3.For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance > 10MΩ) should be used.
- 4.In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.
- 5.Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.
6. The color fading mura of polarizing filter should not care.



9. Cautions and Handling Precautions

9.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- (1) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly. Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- (2) Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- (3) Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- (4) Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface. If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (6) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.
- (9) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (10) Do not disassemble the module.
- (11) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (12) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- (13) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- (14) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.1 Power on Sequence & 6.2 Power Off Sequence

9.2 Storage and Transportation.

- (1) Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%.
- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (3) The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- (4) It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module. In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- (5) This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

